

## **INTRODUCTION**

Mitsubishi welcomes you to the list of Mitsubishi diesel engine owners. We feel sure you will obtain from your new engine the economical superior performance it is designed to give.

This manual is written to familiarize you with the operation and service of your SE-series and provides important safety information. We suggest that you carefully read each section of this manual to know about your new engine.

January 1980

•

#### **DEFINITION OF LOCATIONAL TERMS**

The words "left," "right," "front" and "rear" are used in the senses illustrated below:



#### **NOTES, CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS**

NOTES, CAUTIONS and WARNINGS are used in this manual to emphasize important and critical instructions. They are used for the following conditions:



- .... An operating procedure, condition, etc., which it is essential to highlight.
  - .. Operating procedures, practices, etc., which if not strictly observed, will result in damage to or destruction of engine.



. Operating procedures, practices, etc., which if not correctly followed, will result in personal injury or loss of life.

#### ENGINE MODELS COVERED



Ap	oplication codes
P:	Generator drive; general mechanical drive
C:	Construction machine drive

## **BE SAFETY-MINDED**

Any accident is not accidental. A careless moment can cause an accident or fire. Here are basic DO'S AND DON'T'S.



DO walk-around checks before starting your engine.



DO walk around your engine once more – eyes open and alert to people and obstacles.



DO keep fuel away from your engine at all times. Check for fuel leaks any-where.



DON'T touch any running part of your engine during operation.



DON'T touch hot part of your engine such as exhaust manifold.



DON'T remove radiator filler cap immediately after shutting down your engine.



DON'T smoke near battery. Never use an open flame as a light anywhere on or around battery. Battery gas is highly flammable. Electrolyte is sulfuric acid and can destroy most things it touches. If you get it on your skin, wash it off at once with water.



DON'T work on a running engine. If necessary to make checks with unit running, use two men and signal each other.



DO check capacity of sling and hoist when lifting engine. Use hangers and a wad of cloth in between sling and unit.

## **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION**

Be sure to give the serial number when contacting your Mitsubishi dealer for service or when ordering spare parts.





S3E S6E

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

P	age
GETTING TO KNOW YOUR ENGINE	1
CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS	3
NEW ENGINE INITIAL SERVICE	5
WALK-AROUND CHECKS	6
OPERATING YOUR ENGINE	
Starting	. 7
Warming up	8
During operation, be sure:	8
Stopping	8
DIESEL FUEL, ENGINE OIL AND COOLING WATER	9
ROUTINE SERVICE	10
FIRST-AID TROUBLESHOOTING	16
TROUBLESHOOTING	. 18
SPECIFICATIONS	. 20
WIRING DIAGRAM	. 22
TIGHTENING TORQUE	. 23

.

. \*\*.

## **GETTING TO KNOW YOUR ENGINE**





S3E







## **CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS**

The controls and instruments may be varied from one engine specification (application) to another. This section covers the standard controls and instruments. Learn about controls and instruments peculiar to your engine.



#### Ammeter



Shows the amount the battery is being charged.

During operation, the needle should remain on the "+" side of center.

#### Water temperature gauge



Indicates the temperature of engine coolant.

During operation, it should be indicating  $70^{\circ}C \sim 85^{\circ}C$  ( $158^{\circ}F \sim 185^{\circ}F$ ).

#### Engine oil pressure gauge



Indicates the pressure of lube oil.

The needle should indicate:

 $3 \sim 4 \ kg/cm^2$  (43  $\sim$  57 psi) (at rated speed)

 $1 \sim 2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$  (14  $\sim 28 \text{ psi}$ ) (at idling speed)

Engine oil temperature gauge



Indicates the temperature of engine oil.

During operation, it should indicate below  $95^{\circ}$ C (203°F). The maximum permissible temperature is  $110^{\circ}$ C (230°F).

Fuel control lever (for general mechanical drive)



Use this lever to control engine speed.

## **NEW ENGINE INITIAL SERVICE**

Before starting your engine for the first time, check on the following items:



During initial 60 service hours of operation of a new or overhauled unit:

- Change engine oil (page 13).
- Change engine oil filter element (page 14).
- Retighten bolts and nuts (page 15).

## WALK-AROUND CHECKS

For safety of operator and maximum service life of your engine, check under and around to make sure your answers to questions on these items are YES:



## **OPERATING YOUR ENGINE**

**STARTING** 



1. Move battery switch lever to ON position.



2. Move fuel control lever to START position.



4. Turn starter switch to START position.



5. As soon as engine starts, release starter switch.



3. Insert key into starter switch and turn it to HEAT position.



Move clutch lever to OFF position before starting if equipped.

• Do not turn starter switch to START nor to OFF position while engine is running.

CAUTION

- Hold starter switch in HEAT position for about 15 seconds. Hold it there for about 30 seconds in extremely cold weather.
- Do not operate starter for periods longer than 30 seconds at a time. Observe an interval of at least 2 minutes between such cranking periods to protect starter and battery.
- Re-crank engine after it comes to a complete stop. This is for preventing engine from rotating in reverse direction.

#### WARMING UP

-



Warm up engine for about 5 minutes.



Do not warm up engine for periods longer than 15 minutes.

#### STOPPING



 Let engine idle for 3 to 5 minutes.

**DURING OPERATION, BE SURE:** 

- Engine is running without any abnormal noise or vibration.
- Exhaust smoke color is normal.



• Pilot lamps do not glow.





- 2. Pull stop lever to STOP position.
- 3. Pull key off starter switch.



4. Move battery switch lever to OFF position.

CAUTION

Stopping engine immediately after taking load is very hard on running parts of engine.

## DIESEL FUEL, ENGINE OIL AND COOLING WATER

#### DIESEL FUEL

#### Care of the fuel supply

Using only clean fuel is of extreme importance. It is important to buy clean fuel, and keep it clean. The best fuel can be rendered unsatisfactory by careless handling or improper storage facilities. To assure that fuel going into tank of your engine daily is clean and pure, the following practice is advisable.



Fuel storage tank

• Use a storage tank to keep fuel. A drum mounted on a stand, as shown

here, serves the purpose. Slight tilt given to drum will allow water and sediment to settle to corner. Have a cock installed at lowest point of drum for use in draining out water and sediment.

- Let fuel stand in this storage tank for at least 24 hours before you pump fuel from storage tank to tank of your engine.
- Effort should be constantly expended to prevent contamination of fuel. Important steps are to use clean siphon or funnel.

#### **ENGINE OIL**

American Petroleum Institute (API) has classified high-speed diesel engine services (operating conditions) for lube oils in conjunction with the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE). For your engine, use lube oils in "CC" or severer classification.



Do not allow two or more brands of engine oil to get mixed. Each brand contains its own additives; additives of different brands could react in the mixture to produce properties deterious to your engine.

#### **COOLING WATER**

Use only water that is soft, or as free as possible from scale forming minerals.

Use anti-freeze when the temperature is below freezing.

## **ROUTINE SERVICE**

\* Rely on service meter to perform routine services.

	Item	Service	Remarks				
EVERY 10 SERVICE HOURS OR DAILY							
1	Walk-around check						
2	Crankcase	Check oil level in oil pan					
3	Fuel tank	Check fuel left in tank					
4	Radiator	Check coolant level					
	EVI	ERY 60 SERVICE HOURS					
5	Battery	Check electrolyte level					
6	Air cleaner indicator	Check					
$\bigcirc$	Fuel tank	Drain water and sediment					
8	Fuel filter	Drain water and sediment					
	EVE	RY 250 SERVICE HOURS					
9	Crankcase	Change oil	S2E 4 liters S3E 6 liters S4E 8 liters S6E 11 liters				
10	Radiator	Clean fins					
	EVERY 500 SERVICE HOURS						
1	Fuel filter	Change element					
12	Oil filter	Change element					
13	Air cleaner	Clean element					
14	Fan belt	Check and adjust tension	Deflection: About 12 mm				
EVERY 1000 SERVICE HOURS							
(15)	Cooling system	Flush system — change coolant					
16	Alternator	Check for operation					
17	Starter	Check for operation					
18	Turbocharger	Check for operation	(S4E2-T)				
19	Bolts and nuts	Retighten					

10

•

#### EVERY 10 SERVICE HOURS OR DAILY



#### EVERY 60 SERVICE HOURS



#### EVERY 250 SERVICE HOURS



- Remove drain plug (1) and allow to drain.
- Refill through filler (2).
- Run engine and again check oil level: add oil if necessary.
- ★ Capacities: S2E 4 liters S3E 6 liters S4E 8 liters S6E 11 liters









### ① Clean radiator fins

- Direct air against flow of air given by fan.
- Clean more frequently when operating in dusty conditions.



#### **EVERY 500 SERVICE HOURS**



# Remove cover (1) to take out element (2). Clean cover, element and case (3). If indicator shows RED shortly after installation of cleaned element, replace element. Replace element at least once a year. Clean element with pressure air or water. After cleaning, check for pinholes or tears.

#### Check fan belt tension

- Deflection: About 12 mm between pulleys
- Loosen bolts (1) (2) and move alternator . to adjust belt tension.



#### EVERY 1000 SERVICE HOURS

## Flush cooling system and change coolant

- Remove radiator filler cap (1).
- Remove drain plugs (2) (3) to drain.
- Refill with soft water.
- Use anti-freeze in freezing weather.



- Check alternator for operation
  Alternator bearings are factory-
- lubricated and need no lubrication until overhauling.



Check starter for operation and lubricate bearing
 Apply small amount of multipurpose grease to bearing.

#### (18) Check turbocharger for condition (S4E2-T)

- Loosen clamp bolt (1) on compressor side, and remove silencer (2) or air cleaner pipe.
- 2. Turn compressor wheel (3) with finger through air inlet port, making sure it rotates smoothly.



★ Check turbocharger with engine cold.





## FIRST-AID TROUBLESHOOTING





## TROUBLESHOOTING

Complaint	Cause	Remedy
Insufficient power	a) Incorrect grade of oil	a) Use recommended type and SAE number of oil.
	b) Wrong type of fuel	b) Change.
	c) Air cleaner clogged	c) Clean or change element.
CU WH,-	d) Engine overcooled	d) Use radiator cover, or clean, test and replace thermostat.
	e) Engine overheating	e) Check coolant level, adding water if necessary.
,	f) Valve clearance incorrect	f) Readjust.
	g) Injection pump defective	g) *Readjust or replace.
	h) Injection nozzles defective	h) *Readjust or replace.
	i) Injection timing incorrect	i) *Retime.
	j) Poor compression pressure	j) *Overhaul.
White or blue exhaust smoke	a) Too much oil in crankcase	a) Fill only to correct level on gauge.
CON CON	b) Oil too light – diluted	b) Change oil.
	c) Engine overcooled	c) Use radiator cover, or clean, test and replace thermostat.
ATT ATT	d) Injection timing incorrect	d) *Retime.
	e) Poor compression pressure	e) *Overhaul.
Black or gray exhaust	a) Wrong type of fuel	a) Change.
smoke	b) Valve clearance incorrect	b) Readjust.
	c) Injection pump defective	c) *Readjust or replace.
	d) Poor compression pressure	d) *Overhaul.
	e) Air cleaner clogged	e) Clean or change element.
High fuel consumption	a) Injection pump defective	a) *Readjust or replace.
	b) Injection nozzles defective	b) *Readjust or replace.
	c) Injection timing incorrect	c) *Retime.
Fuel	d) Wrong type of fuel	d) Change.
Tank	e) Poor compression pressure	e) *Overhaul.
	f) Air cleaner clogged	f) Clean or change element.

į

Complaint	Cause	Remedy
High oil consumption	a) Too high oil level in crankcase	<ul> <li>a) Maintain oil level between marks on gauge.</li> </ul>
	b) Incorrect grade of oil	b) Use recommended type and SAE number of oil.
	c) Oil leaks	c) Locate and repair.
	d) Cylinders and piston rings worn	d) *Replace.
Engine overheats	a) Too loose fan belt	a) Readjust.
2 7	b) Lack of coolant	b) Refill.
5 (ATDO)	c) Too low oil level	<li>c) Maintain oil level between marks on gauge.</li>
	d) Water pump defective	d) *Replace.
	e) Thermostat defective	e) *Replace.
	f) Cooling system dirty	f) Clean and flush.
	<li>g) Restricted radiator air passages</li>	g) Clean. Straighten bent fins, if any.
Low oil pressure	a) Lack of oil	a) Refill up to level.
(Pilot lamp glows)	b) Oil too light – diluted	b) Change oil.
trug	c) Oil filter clogged	c) Replace element.
	d) Oil pump defective	d) *Readjust or replace.
\$\$\$	e) Oil pressure regulating valve defective	e) *Readjust or replace.

#### IMPORTANT

- a) Have your Mitsubishi dealer perform service jobs marked with asterisk (\*).
- b) Do not hesitate to consult your Mitsubishi dealer in the matters of troubleshooting and routine services.
- c) When contacting your Mitsubishi dealer for help, be sure to let him know serial number and service-meter reading of your engine.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Model	S2E	S2E2	S3E	S3E2
Туре	4-cycle, water-cooled, in line			
No. of cylinders	2	2	3	
Bore X stroke (mm)	94 X 94	98 X 98	94 X 94	98 X 98
Piston displacement (liter)	1.305	1.478	1.956	2.217
Type of combustion chamber	Swirl		rirl	
Compression ratio		19	: 1	
Firing order	1-2	2	1-3-	-2
Direction of rotation	Cou	interclockwise as v	iewed from flywh	eel side
Dimensions (length $\times$ width $\times$ height)	573×551×734	573×551×736	661×515×729	661×515×731
Weight, dry (kg)	180 230			)
Burns	Diesel fuel			
Fuel injection pump	Bosch PES4-A			
Governor	Mechanical (all-speed or constant-speed)			
Fuel injection nozzles	Throttle type			
Fuel injection pressure (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	120			
Lubrication system	Pressure feed by trochoid pump			
Lubrication system capacity (liter)	4		6	
Cooling system	Forced circulation by centrifugal pump			
Cooling system capacity (engine proper) (liter)	3 4			
Starter	12 <b>V</b> -2k <b>W</b>			
Alternator	12V-15A			
Turbocharger	_			

20

-

S4E	S4E S4E2 S4E2-T		S6E	S6E2	
	4-cyc	le, water-cooled, in	n line		
	4		6	5	
94 X 94	98 X	98	94 X 94	98 X 98	
2.609	2.95	7	3.913	4.435	
		Swirl			
		19:1			
	1-3-4-2		1-5-3-0	5-2-4	
	Counterclo	ckwise as viewed f	rom flywheel side		
783×511×729	783×511×731	783×511×841	1121×609×728	1121×609×730	
21	70	275	360		
		Diesel fuel			
		Bosch PES4-A			
	Mech	anical (all-speed of	r constant-speed)		
		Throttle type			
		120			
	Pre	ssure feed by trock	ioid pump		
	8	11			
	Forced	circulation by cer	ıtrifugal pump		
	4.6	6.5			
24V-3kW			 24V–5kW		
		24V-20A			
	_	Mitsubishi turbocharger TC-05	_		



klep speling in l. 0,25 mm ontst. volg. uit l. 0,25. 1-5-3-6-2-4. Aanh. verstuiv. TIGHTENING TORQUE 5 hgn.

#### Important bolts and nuts

kg-m (lb-ft) 50 M.M.

Secured part or component	Tightening torque
Cylinder head bolts	12 ± 0.5 (86.8 ± 3.6)
Main bearing cap bolts	10.4 ± 0.5 (75.2 ± 3.6)
Connecting rod bearing cap bolts	8.5 ± 0.5 (61.5 ± 3.6)
Flywheel bolts	8.5 ± 0.5 (61.5 ± 3.6)
Camshaft thrust plate bolts	$1.8 \pm 0.5 (13.0 \pm 3.6)$
Front plate bolts	$1.8 \pm 0.5 (13.0 \pm 3.6)$
Timing gear case bolts	$1.0 \pm 0.5$ (7.2 ± 3.6)
Crank pulley bolts	40 ± 0.5 (289.3 ± 3.6)
Camshaft gear bolt	$3.5 \pm 0.5$ (25.3 ± 3.6)
Idler thrust plate bolts	$3.5 \pm 0.5$ (25.3 ± 3.6)
Rear oil seal bolts	0.4 (2.9)
Oil pan bolts	0.7 (5.1)
Oil case bolts	0.7 (5.1)
Oil pan drain plug	$10.0 \pm 0.5  (72.3 \pm 3.6)$
Oil pump fixing connector	$5.5 \pm 0.5$ (39.8 ± 3.6)
Oil filter center bolt	$2.3 \pm 0.5$ (16.6 ± 3.6)
Nozzle holder retaining nuts	$5.0 \pm 0.5$ (36.2 ± 3.6)
Injection pump delivery valve holders	$3.0 \pm 0.5$ (21.7 ± 3.6)
Flywheel housing bolts	3.5 ± 0.5 (25.3 ± 3.6)

#### General bolts and nuts

Screw thread		Tightening torque			
		With spring washer		Without spring washer	
dia.	pitch	kg-m	lb-ft	kg-m	lb-ft
8	1.0	1.8	13	2.2	16
	1.25	1.8	13	2.1	15
10	1.25	3.6	26	4.2	30
	1.5	3.4	25	4.0	29
12	1.25	6.5	47	7.6	55
	1.75	6.0	43	7.1	51
14	1.5	10.4	75	12.2	88
	2.0	9.8	71	11.5	83
16	1.5	15.8	114	18.6	135
	2.0	15.0	108	17.6	127
18	1.5	22.9	166	26.9	195
	2.5	20.7	150	24.4	176

		,
e 1977.		
· ·		

